Additional Resources

- www.ludism.org/ppwiki/Xiangqi
- boardgamegeek.com/boardgame/2393
- www.chessvariants.com/xiangqi.html
- www.cyningstan.com/game/75
- en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Xiangqi

Credits

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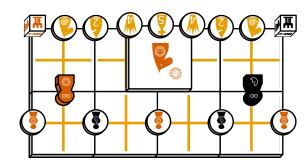
Xiangqi (Chinese Chess)

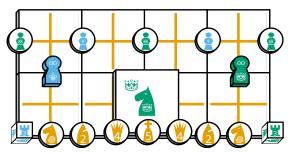
Players 2

Length 10–180 minutes

 ${\bf Equipment} \ \ {\rm one} \ {\rm standard} \ {\rm piecepack}$

Version 2.1 (2022-02-08)





Xiangqi (Chinese Chess)

Description

Xiangqi (also called Chinese chess) is a popular board game in Chinese communities and is a member of the chess family of games. Like chess it is possible to play with a single piecepack.

Objective

The goal is to capture the opponent's general. A player loses when they are in *checkmate* or *stalemate*. A player is in *checkmate* if a player's general would be captured on their opponent's next move. A player is in *stalemate* when they have no legal move. ¹

Setup

If using a single piecepack divide the suits into two groups (i.e. "astronomical" versus "power" suits or "dark" versus "light" suits) and give the relevant half of pieces to each player.

Xianggi is traditionally played on the lines of a board 9 lines by 10 lines with each half of the board visually separated by a river and each half containing a 3-line by 3-line palace. One logical setup is to have each player take out one of their ace tiles and then select 8 other tiles, flip them face down and arrange them into a board 2 tiles by 4 tiles. You should have two 2 tile by 4 tile boards, arrange them so that they are close but separated so that it almost looks like a 4 tile by 4 tile board but with a gap. The separation represents the river which some but not all pieces can cross.² Each player take their set aside ace tile and put it in the row of tiles closest to them in the middle (i.e. on half of the second tile and half of the third tile). This will represent their palace which their advisors and generals (usually) cannot leave.

Each player has 5 soldiers, 2 cannons, 2 chariots, 2 horses, 2 elephants, 2 advisors, and one general. Figure 1 shows the recommended setup which has each player use 3-valued dice as chariots, piecepack pawns as cannons, ace-valued coins as horses, 2-valued coins as elephants, 4-valued coins as advisors, and one 5-valued coin as a general. Flip five remaining coins face down and use them as soldiers. Always orient all coins towards your opponent's side, in particular one must distinguish opposing horses by orientation.³ Elephants, advisors, and general generally cannot cross the river — the one exception is the "flying general" move if there is no piece in between opposing generals.

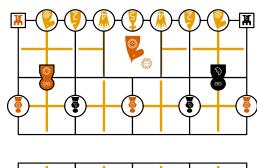




Figure 1: Xiangqi starting diagram

The Order of Play

The player with the (red) suns' pawn goes first.⁴ Players take turns moving one of their pieces to another point possibly capturing an opponent's piece located at that point.

The Moves

Except for the *cannon* which has a special capture move, all pieces capture using their "normal" move.

soldier (a) (b) (a) Before crossing the river moves one point forward. After crossing the river moves one point forward or one point sideways.

cannon and Cannons' "normal" move is any distance orthogonally (sideways or vertically) without "jumping" over another piece. Cannons' "capture" move is any distance orthogonally "jumping" over exactly one piece (of either player's) on the way.

chariot Me Moves any distance orthogonally without jumping i.e. moves like an international chess rook.

horse The horse moves one point orthogonally and then one point diagonally further away from its original position. Unlike an international chess knight which may "jump" over pieces, the horse's move can be blocked by a orthogonally adjacent piece.

elephant The elephant moves exactly two points diagonally. They cannot "jump" and hence their move may be blocked by a diagonally adjacent piece. Elephants may not cross the *river*.

advisor The advisor moves one point diagonally and may not leave their *palace*.

general The general generally moves one point orthogonally and may not leave their palace. However if there is no piece in between opposing generals located on the same file/column of the board then a general may perform a "flying general" move to capture the opposing general.

¹Club xiangqi rules also usually state that a player also loses when they make "perpetual" checks or "perpetually chases" an unprotected piece.

²For artistic embellishment you can fill this gap with blue tiles (i.e. from the arms suit) if you remember pieces can not stop in the river.

³If you have pawn saucers use them instead of ace-valued coins for the horses — then every piece that can cross the river (chariots, pawns, cannons, and horses) is colored and orientation is redundant.

⁴Generally, *Red* moves first in modern Xianggi tournaments.